[Additional information: https://bu.hu.museum-digital.org/object/204753 vom 2024/05/18]

Object: Saint James the Great
Conquering the Moors

Museum: Szépművészeti Múzeum
Dózsa György út 41.
1146 Budapest

Collection: Régi Képtár

Inventory REK\_649
number:

## Description

It is as if God created Tiepolo for us. He follows in Veronese's path, all spirit, fire ablaze, his colours are marvellous, his speed astonishing, gushed the Swedish ambassador from Venice. Although the Stockholm job came to naught, Tiepolo was sought after by every court in Europe, and he produced legions of masterpieces from Madrid to Würzburg. His monumental picture of Saint James of Compostela was also made for an international commission. Ricardo Wall, Spanish ambassador to London (who later, despite being Irish, became prime minister), intended it for the altar of the embassy chapel. In the capital of Protestant England the Roman rite could be practised only in chapels of Catholic embassies, which thus became public spaces, displays of the power of these nations. The metaphor for Hispania's historic mission, the triumphant Battle of Clavijo in 844, seemed the perfect choice of subject for the location: the nation's patron saint appears as a vision to lead the Christians to victory against the pagans. Once finished, the painting was celebrated at a public exhibition in San Marco in Venice, and Tiepolo's son reproduced prints of it. (The head study above was made for the engraving). Yet it was not, finally, installed in its intended place: the Spanish turned shy at the sight of the enormous battlehorse dominating most of the picture, which when placed on an altar would, they opined, provide fodder for the Protestants' accusations of idolatry in the Catholic veneration of images. Axel Vécsey

## Basic data

Material/Technique: canvas / oil
Measurements: 317 x 163 cm

## **Events**

Painted When 1749-1750

Who Giovanni Battista Tiepolo (1696-1770)

## Keywords

• Painting